

Traditional Rehabilitation Protocol for Rotator Cuff Repair

The intent of this physical therapy protocol is to provide the clinician with a guideline of the post-operative rehabilitation course of a patient who has undergone a Rotator Cuff Repair with Ortho Rhode Island. It is by no means intended to be a substitute for one's clinical decision making regarding the progression of a patient's postoperative course based on their physical exam/findings, individual progress, and/or the presence of post-operative complications. If a clinician requires assistance in the progression of a post-operative patient, the clinician should consult with the referring surgeon.

Phase 1: Immediate Post-Op (3–5 Days – 3 weeks Post-Op)

Rehabilitation Goals	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Educate patient on physical therapy and recovery Pain/surgical sequelae management via passive and active modalities Promote consistent sling use Protect repair, promote tendon to bone healing Maintain and progress shoulder PROM within tolerable range Maintain UE and periscapular PROM and AROM
Sling	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Wear until 6-weeks post-op
Precautions	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> No active UE use Do not support your weight through affected UE.
Interventions	<p>Modalities: heat prior to PT, ice after PT</p> <p>Manual Therapy:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> STM to shoulder/irritable soft tissue of brachium, antebrachium, periscapular muscles and cervical spine. Scapular mobilizations, thoracic and cervical mobilizations/manipulation. <p>Range of Motion/Mobility:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> PROM- by therapist- relatively pain free range at this time, address all planes of motion Stretching- pendulums, ER in neutral, Table slides/walk outs flexion, scaption, abduction, IR BTB towel ** Subscapularis Repair ER in Neutral Position Only <p>AROM:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Elbow/wrist, gripping (ball or towel), shoulder rolls, scapular squeezes, cervical AROM all planes Thoracic extension/rotation in chair
Criteria to Progress	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Adequate management of surgical sequelae (pain, ecchymosis, edema) >/=90 degrees of passive elevation of shoulder (flexion/scaption/abduction) >/=30 degrees of passive ER and IR Pt consistent with HEP and able to tolerate PROM shoulder exercises

Phase 2: Early Rehab (Weeks 4–6)

Rehabilitation Goals	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Progress shoulder PROM Minimize pain Protect repair Initiate AAROM Progress to prone AROM
Precautions	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Initiate AAROM and isometrics no earlier than 4 weeks post-op

Phase 2: Early Rehab (Weeks 4–6) (continued)

<p>Interventions</p>	<p>Modalities: Heat/Ice as needed Manual Therapy: STM/cervical and thoracic mobilizations as needed, rhythmic stabilization Range of Motion/Mobility:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • PROM- address limitations within tolerance • Stretching- supine ER progressive abd > pec stretch low, IR up back, posterior capsule stretch <p>AAROM:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Pulleys, supine wand AAROM to 90 (press), sidelying flexion with ball AAROM, standing AAROM flexion/abduction/extension/IR with wand. • Wall walks > wall slides <p>Isometrics:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • ER/IR/extension/flexion neutral • Reactive isometrics in neutral with light band resistance <p>AROM: prone scap retraction > prone row</p>
<p>Criteria to Progress</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Adequate tolerance to progressions, min-mod pain, good muscle activity • AAROM elevation to 90 degrees with min-mod scapular hiking at most • >/=120 degrees of passive elevation of shoulder (flexion/scaption/abduction) • >/=60 degrees of passive ER and IR

Phase 3: Mid-Stage Rehab (Weeks 6–12)

<p>Rehabilitation Goals</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Normalize PROM • Introduce AROM • Assess strength • Initiate band resistance • Minimal complaints of pain
<p>Precautions</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Avoid lifting more than 10 pounds, continue to avoid weight bearing through affected UE
<p>Interventions</p>	<p>Modalities: Heat/Ice: As Needed Manual Therapy: As Needed Range of Motion/Mobility:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • PROM- restore end ranges of motion • Stretching- pec stretch mid/high, sleeper stretch, end range flx and abd wall stretch, foam roller pec stretch <p>AROM:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Progression of prone exercises, neutral rot T's, Y's • Supine AROM > SL AROM > standing AROM <p>Reactive isometrics:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • ER/IR/extension/flexion (can progress into flexion/abduction ranges at this time) • Addition of body blade, addition of wall ball activities <p>Resistive exercises: Neutral/pulling motions (extension, mid rows)</p>
<p>Criteria to Progress</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Adequate tolerance to progressions, minimal pain, good muscle activity • Full PROM all planes • Progressive improvement in AROM in all planes • Trace scapular compensation with active motions

Phase 4: Late-Stage Rehab (Weeks 13–16)

<p>Rehabilitation Goals</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Normalize AROM • Progress resistive exercises • Progressive introduction of activities that appropriately stress repair site • Pending progress and pt confidence, d/c to self-management appropriate in this phase
<p>Precautions</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Avoid repetitive overhead tasks (painting the ceiling), no throwing/plyometric activities

Phase 4: Late-Stage Rehab (Weeks 13–16) (continued)

<p>Interventions</p>	<p>Modalities: d/c or decrease frequency of heat/ice/MT. Dry needling for persistent soft tissue dysfunction</p> <p>Range of Motion/Mobility:</p> <p>PROM/mobility: continue to address limitations as needed</p> <p>AROM: Continuous Articular Rotation (CAR) exercises (full functional IR to full functional ER) in various positions (standing, prone, on ball, sidelying)</p> <p>Reactive isometrics: Time based oscillation training w/band, body blade, weighted ball etc. in multi-planar patterns</p> <p>Resistive exercises:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Progressive introduction of resistance via bands and dumbbells • ER/IR in neutral > flx/abd positions • Band resisted PNF patterns in supine and standing • Keiser resisted exercises such as lat pulldowns and chopping <p>Weight bearing:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Bird dog UE only, to UE/LE alt • Front plank on wall > table > stair > flat • Side plank on knees > legs straight > adductor side plank • Wall push up > table push up > stair push up > flat push up > band/bosu/physioball push up <p>Therapist resisted:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Supine, side lying and prone. Single plane and then multiple plane motions
<p>Criteria to Progress</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Adequate tolerance to progressions, minimal pain, good muscle activity • Full PROM/AROM all planes • ER/IR strength LSI \geq 80%

Phase 5: Return to Sport/Manual Labor (4–6 Months Post-Op)

<p>Rehabilitation Goals</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Progress resistive exercises • Maintain end range PROM/AROM • Begin eccentrically resisted motions, plyometrics, proprioception • Initiate sports/work specific rehab ~4.5 months
<p>Precautions</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Unlock brace to 30 degrees of knee flexion for weight bearing at 4 weeks. • Discharge/weaning out of brace by 6-weeks • SLRx10 without quad lag and good tolerance to functional progressions in locked brace
<p>Interventions</p>	<p>Initial plyometrics:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Keiser- split stance/half kneeling down chops > upchops • Med ball- both arms forward pass/bent over press slam to ground > single arm, lateral pass/wall slam <p>Progressive plyometrics:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Med ball- overhead slams > supine chest pass > supine overhead pass > standing windmill slam • Weighted ball- reverse throw > wall ball ER in abd > straight arm wall ball in flx/abd • Body weight- assisted plyo push up, hands on table plyo push up, plyo eccentric <p>Return to racket sport/golf/Swimming/Throwing:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Consider interval return to sport protocols
<p>Criteria to Progress</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Min pain with progressive plyometrics and interval programs • Shoulder strength LSI \geq 90% • Return to throwing at 6 months • Throw from a pitcher's mound 9 months • Collision sports at 9 months • Full Recovery ~ 12 months' post op